FIFTEEN

Dollars the price, a full \$20 the value, of a lot of GENUINE CLAY Serge Suits just received yesterday, only in Sack shape, both in Black and Navy Blue colors, cut in the height of fashion, exquisitely tailored, faultless fitting, and guaranteed to look and wear as well as anybody's \$20 Suits.

Don't lose sight of the

Robinson, Chery & Co., Twelfth and F Streets,



Donovan's Baseball House PUZZLE.

A Handsome Diamond Ring will be awarded to Copies of the Puzzle can be had at the BASEBALL HOUSE, 1528 SEVENTH STREET.

THE WAR IS OVER.

Nevertheless Southern Women Are Fighting the Battles Over Again.

St. Louis, Mo., June 2.-At a meeting held last evening by the Southern Woman's Historical Society of this city the oration of Dr. Cave at the unveiling of the monument to the memory of the Confederate soldiers and sailors at Richmond, Va., was read and warmly applauded. A committee presented the fol-lowing resolutions and preamble, which were unanimously adopted: Whereas for many years the southern people

Whereas for many rears the southern people have borne misrepresentations, standers, abuse, sneers, and levers, hoping that time would soften the animosity of their conquerors; and.

Whereas the policy of silence has not proven ghining success; therefore he it.

Resolved, That in our opinion the policy of silence under failschood and abuse is unwise and should be no lenger pursued.

Resolved, That we send to the Rev. Dr. Cave our heartfelt thanks for breaking that bad policy, and assure him that we also, have ever held the unwavering faith that an enlightened posterity will decide that the South was in the right.

Resolved, That we herewith present to the thinking people of the city a few indisputable facts on which the South will rest her case in the caim confidence of winning the verdict!

I. That wars of conquest are wrong.

II. That wars of defense are always right.

III. That from the first to the last day of the war the North fought a war of conquest.

IV. That from the first to the last day of the war the South fought a war of defense.

V. That the South from the first was eager for poace—prayed for peace.

VI. That at no time did the South have half vill, desolate, and conquer.

to kill, desolate, and conquer.

VII. That at no time did the South have half
(if she had one-third) as many men to meet these
merchess invadeva.

VIII. That in its four years' efforts to conquer
the South the North wasted the enormous sum
of south 200 000.

That in her efforts to resist conquest the blood without stint.

By these and other indisputable facts the South will be judged.

RAILROAD MATTERS.

The Air Is Still Full of Rumor About a Rate War in the West.

CHICAGO, June 9 .- Chairman Caldwell, of the Western Passenger Association, received this morning the formal notice of the Atchison's withdrawal from the Summer excursion agreement. During the day the lines interested in the keeping of the agreement met at the office of Chairman Caldwell and drew up a letter to Passenger Traffic Manager White, of the Atchison, declaring in the most positive terms that they were not violating the agreement, and were willing to surrender all nirners that could be shown to be in viola-on of the agreement. This was sent to Mr.

The Atchison has already declared that it The Atchison has aiready declared that it will not come back into the agreement, as it firmly believes that the Alton, the Burlington, and the Union Pacific have violated it, and instances are cited in which the Atchison claims that each of these roads have made contracts contrary to agreements. The acsuch arrangements, and offer to satisfy the Atchison on that point. The latter line, how-ever, refuses to accept the denials, and will not come back into the agreement under any circumstances. The lines outside of the four directly interested in the fight are very anxi-

ous to have the matter fixed up, as the prospect for a destructive war in excursion rates is altogether to bright to suit them.

The meeting of the advisory committee of the Emigrant clearing house was held to-day to listen to the report of Chairman Caldwell, regarding the manner in which he had dealt regarding the manner in which he had dealt with New York emigrants who had violated their agreement with the Western passenger association. His report was unanimously approved. The chairman reported five emigrant agents now working in the most satisfactory manner.

Earnings of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul for the float work in the contract.

St. Paul for the first week in June were \$545,767, a decrease of \$129,038 from the cor-responding week of last year.

Camera Club Exhibits.

The Camera Club of the Capitol Bievele Club will give an exhibition of artistic amateur photography at the club house, 409 Fifteenth street northwest, the first four days of this week. On Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday the public will be admitted by eard, and the exhibition will be open in the afternoon from 2 to 6, and in the evenings from 8 to 10. All of the displays were made by members of the club, and an effort has been made to arrange the pictures in unique and attractive groups The formal opening will be on Monday even ing, when there will be a reception and private view for the members of the club and their ladies and a few guests.

Temperance Meeting To-day. temperance mass meeting under the nus-Anti-Saloon League will be held in the Metropolitan Baptist church, Sixth and A streets

Senator McPherson's Condition. The clerk of the Committee on Naval Affairs. of which Senator McPherson is chairman, says that the trouble with which the Senator is satisfying is enlargement of the veins about the neart. The Senator is at his home in Jersey City, N. J.

OF INTEREST TO DWELLERS

The Ideal System of the Puture for Washington.

PRIVACY AND COMPORT SECURE

Interesting Review of the Growth and Development of the Apartment Houses, with the Progress Now Being Made New Buildings Under Construction.

A leading feature in Washington building operations this season is the apartment house. When this form of human habitation was fact that the largest and best first undertaken a few years ago it was looked line of Men's and Boys'
Furnishings in town is to be found on the busy corner of wants to supply a residence place for tem-Twelfth and F streets. We make a specialty of 50c. to more or less criticism, and the investors Neckwear. Other people's were made to feel at first rather disheartened 75c and \$1.00 qualities are HERE at this price, and we by the ready demand that was made by people have about five times the to occupy such a habitation. It took but a variety progress of the apartment plan to see that it was the ideal system of the future for the rapidly growing city of Washington.

At the outset, the severest thing said about this class of buildings was that it was nothing more than a "rich man's tenement house," The great convenience found within the walls of this kind of dwelling, however, soon dispelled this criticism, and there was a sudden awakening to the fact that a long-felt want had been supplied and that money invested in flathouses would bring a good return, Like all experiments which prove fruiful of excellent results, capital quickly sought this field for investment. The subsequent history of the development of the apartment house system is fresh in the minds of people who have watched the building operations during the past few years. There stands to-day in Washington several line buildings of this class which as pioneers of this particular kind of spicitor are monuments to the people who pelled this criticism, and there was a sudden of shelter are monuments to the people who

of shelter are monuments to the people who have built them.

Men who have erected apartment buildings are aware that such houses will be patronized for years to come by transient people, and that these places will supplant the hotels, as they have already been found to do so, due to the fact this both privacy and comfort can be better obtained in them than will be found in the archibe herial.

he public hotel.

The erection of these large houses have also een found to be a means of extensively ad-ertising the real estate interests of the city.

vertising the real estate interests of the city. The occupants of nearly all of them have been of the wealthy classes, who, finding the desired pleasure and comfort in such homes, have not failed to give favorable commendation of the same to their friends.

It would be impossible to give the actual amounts of money that have been expended in the construction of the apartment houses, but the figures now are known to run up into the millions, and they are being rapidly added to.

The demand for this kind of building is on The demand for this kind of building is on the increase, notwithstanding the large number already in operation. There are now grades of apartment houses within the reach of people of various means, and so located as to provide satisfactory resting pinces. The large structure that Architect T. F. Schneider is constructing marks a transition period in the progress of this grade of houses. Mr. Schneider showed boldness and energy in his venture, but before undertaking his enterprise he mily investigated the chances of success that he would likely meet with. He soon found out that the building he had in mind was one that was most desired, and with the was one that was most desired, and with the encouragement given him from friends he made his plans for an edifice which is now

nent houses have been talked of, and of those quite a number are now being built. John R. McLean has plans for a modest house, five stories high, to ornament the corner of Eightenth and I streets northwest.

Architect C. B. Keferstein is at word.

west of Fourteenth street, on the subdivision known as Columbia heights. This structure will be 70 by 50 feet in dimensions and will be

Pierre Waggaman has been for severa conths negotiating with New York capitalists or the erection of an apartment house at the for the erection of an apartment house at the head of Sixteenth street. The plans for the structure have been drawn on an extensive scale, and they call for an expenditure of more than n million dollars. He has had several interviews with the parties interested, ad feels very much encouraged so far and does not hesitate in saving that there is a ossibility of this building becoming a fact at

possionity of this building seconing a fact at an early date.

The stringency of the times has seriously affected the advancement of many large en-terprises that were under contemplation by well-known real estate dealers before the hard times set in. These wide-awake citizens have not lost sight of many things they had in mind, but have been busy during the dull season in propelling along their plans, and now that money is getting easier in the market Washington may not be surprised sooner or later in the year of hearing of big things happening. The great success that the real estate market has met with in the past has not been lost sight of, and, what is more encouracing, those who have realized well from investments in city and suburban proporties are now seeking to renew their efforts in those directions.

As yet talk will be heard of the depressed hard times set in. These wide-awake citizens

orts in those directions.

As yet talk will be heard of the depressed sondition of affairs, but to those who are actively watching events in the momentary world they feel that the era of prosperity is slowly but surely returning.

TO BUILD A CANAL.

Hudson Bay and the Gulf of Mexico. Representative McCleary, of Minnesota, who is a member of the Committee on Railways and Canals, has laid the foundation of a scheme to connect the Gulf of Mexico with Hudson bay. This is a project which has caused more or less discussion in the Northwest, and surveys for other purposes have een used in making calculations as to the

been used in making calculations as to the feasibility of the plan.

Mr. McCleary now proposes that the United States government shall, in conjunction with the Canadian government, make a preliming survey to ascertain whether in the first place the scheme is leasible, and if so what the probable cost will be. Mr. McCleary's hand to be a the action of the way. place the scheme is leasible, and if so what the probable cest will be. Mr. McCleary's plan is to have the survey made by the way of the Minnesota river, whose headwaters and those of the Red Fever of the North nearly join through Big and Traverse lakes. On high water boats of considerable size have crossed from one lake to the other, and it would not require a very large canal to connect the waters of the Red and Minnesota.

Now that a proposition has been agreed to by the Committee on Ballways and Canals to connect the Ohio with the Great Lakes, and another has been favorably talked of to survey a canal connecting the Great Lakes and the Hudson river, he thinks that it is but just that another project of interest to the West shall be considered, and he will urge it before the committee.

Churchman Held for Robbery. James Kelley, who was arrested on the charge of robbing St. Aloysius' church on Thursday night last, was arraigned before Judge Miller yesterday. He was found in the church, and some of the contribution hoxes were broken open and the contents gone. He claimed that he fell asleep in the church during the sermon and knew nothing about the robbery. Judge Miller did not believe his story, and committed him to jail in default of bond to await the action of the grand in.

Fine Shoes at Reduced Prices

After July 1 all Shoe Manufacturers begin to work on Fall Shoes. Their Summer season closes in June. To wind up the season's business the manufacturers try to turn into cash all materials and made-up Shoes on hand-often at a great sacrifice. We are known to sell more Shoes than any other local house. We therefore always get first chance when large quantities are to be sold at a low price. By this means we secure many excellent bargains in Shoes-often specially made for us on our own styles to enable manufacturers to work up leathers they may have on hand.

These Six Items Go on Sale To-morrow:

Our Price, \$2.50.

Our Price, \$1.15.

Our Price, \$1.45. 120 pairs Ladies' and Misses' sizes Don-gola and Brown Goat Spring Reel Laced Blucher Ties, from B to E widths. MADE TO Boots. MADE TO SELL FOR \$1.50.

Our Price, 95c.

250 pairs Ladies' Hand-sewed Dongola Oxford Ties, common sense or pointed toos. MADE TO SELL FOR \$1.25. Our Price, 75c.

300 pairs Infants' Soft Vici Kid and Tan Goat Hand-made Button Shoes MADE TO SELL FOR 75c. Our Price, 50c.

WM. HAHN & CO.'S

RELIABLE SHOE HOUSES.

930 and 932 7th St.

1914 and 1916 Pa. Ave.

231 Pa Ave. S. E.

APANESE PROTECTIVE POLICY. She Takes Advantage of a Treaty to Push

Troops Into Corea.

Japan has taken steps to protect its subjects in Corea during the uprisings in that coun-

A telegram received at the Japanese legation announces that in conformity with the stipulations of the treaty between Japan and Corea, which empowers the Japanese govern-ment to send troops to the latter country in certain contingencies, a battalion of soldiers has been sent to Corea for the protection of the Japanese legation and consulates and the laws and property of Japanese residents dur-ing the serious disturbances now occurring in

LATE BOND STATEMENT.

Held for National Banks. The following is a statement of United States bonds held by the Treasurer of the United States in trust for national banks.

439.950; currency 6s, \$15,239,000; 2 per cents, \$22,710,100; 5 per cents, \$4,009,850. Total, \$201,489,000. To secure public moneys-4 per cents, \$12,-068,000; currency 6s, \$1,195,000; 2 per cents, \$1,613,000; 5 per cents, \$400,000. Total, \$14,-

Bonds to secure circulation deposited week ended June 8, 1894, \$492,500; bonds to secure circulation withdrawn week ended June 8,

A PERMANENT EXPOSITION.

Senator Walsh Presents a Bill Looking to

made his plans for an edifice which is now under course of construction, and when completed will not only be imposing in appearance but a means of making valuable the surrounding property.

Mr. Schneider has also been the means of adding increased impetus to the erection of similar buildings, which, though on less elaborate scale, bear witness to the faith that people have in the onward progress of this beautiful city.

Architect C. B. Keferstein is at work on the states, urging the appropriation of money by plans for the Columbia apartment house. Congress and by the legislatures of the differ-which is to be built on Columbia avenue just ent states and territories for the proposed ex-

Referring to the matter in an interview, will be 70 by 50 feet in dimensions and will be all stories high.

Architect C. A. Didden has also completed plans for a flat building at No. 512 Fourteenth street northwest, which will be built for John Rochon.

GERMANY WILL RETALIATE. Talk About a German Duty on American

Pork Is Revived. The attention of the officials at the German legation was vesterday called to published reports that Germany would place a retaliatory duty on American pork in the event that this government imposes a discriminating duty on sugar imported from

The German representatives said that the legation has no information on the subject other than that derived from the newspapers. German newspapers, it was added, say that the agrarians or land owners' party in Germany are agitating the question of a duty on pork if the United States places a special duty on export bounty sugar; but these papers say that up to the present time the matter is purely a party one, in which the government has not taken any action.

Germany produces considerable sugar and exports considerable to the United States, hence the interest in that country on the legation has no information on the subject

ence the interest in that country on the

STATE ASSOCIATION FORMED.

Sons and Daughters of Maine Organized Last Night by an Enthusiastle Number. An association to be known as the Sons and Daughters of Maine was formed last night at

the Washington Loan and Trust building. Some felicitous remarks were made by several of those present, stating why such a ment of social intercourse among its members), would be cordially received and encouraged. Addresses were made by Dr. H. N. Howard, F. W. Phillips, D. W. Stone, H. H. Pascher, John Batley, R. A. Dinsmore, Capt. Reginald Fernald, Mrs. I. M. Richard-

son, and Mrs. Marble.

It was decided to elect temporary officers pending the final election, to occur on Saturday night next, and Mr. John Balley was chosen president and Mr. B. W. Murch secretary. A committee consisting of Messrs. Dinmore, Knox, and Fascher was appointed to obtain a place for the next meeting.

The following committee of one person from each county in the state was appointed to draft a constitution and by-laws for the or-

to draft a constitution and by-laws for the organization: Pitman Pulsifer, Androscoggin;
Israel W. Stone, Aroostook; J. C. Fox, Cumberland; G. F. Daggett, Franklin; J. W. Babson, Hancock; F. L. Scribner, Kennebee;
Gen. Ellis Speare, Knox; H. A. Dinsmore,
Lincoln; S. G. Davis, Oxford; F. F. Philips,
Penobscot; H. N. Howard, Piscataquis; Mrs.
S. S. Sampson, Lagard; W. H. Orcutt, Somerset; D. P. Craig, Waldo; Mrs. F. M. Richardson, Washington; Waiter Higgins, York.
Another meeting will be held the coming
Saturday night, when the full report of the
proceedings will be read and a permanent
organization effected. The piace of meeting
will be announced hereafter. to draft a constitution and by-laws for the or-

To Alleviate Distress. Senator Vilas, chairman of the select committee to investigate the prevailing distress and to consider memorials on the subject said yesterday that he would call the committee together next Tuesday for a preliminary meeting to determine what course to pursue under the

resolution.

Mr. Vilas appears to be doubtful whether the resolution authorizes inquiries, and if the committee should decide that it does not, it appears probable that the committee's duties will be confined largely to considering written

SUES FOR DAMAGES.

A Former Employe of the Washington Gas Company Asks for \$50,000. Thomas G. Lansden has entered sult against the Washington Gaslight Company, a corporation of which John R. McLean is president. Charles B. Balley secretary, William B. Orme assistant secretary, and John Leetch general superintendent, in the sum of \$50,000 for

The plaintiff alleges that he was in January, 1823, in the employ of the defendant company in the capacity of general superintendent of its works. At the date referred to, the House of Representatives having in its action on the sundry civil appropriation bill for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, provided that no more than seventy-five cents per thousand feet should be paid for the gas used in the government buildings in the District of Columbia, the defendant McLean requested the plaintiff to furnish a written memorandes. plaintiff to furnish a written memorandum showing to what he could testify in re-gard to the matter before a committee of Con-gress. This the blaintiff furnished, but did not mention therein the cost of gas to the de-

endant company, In February, 1894, the plaintiff appeared in February, 1894, the plannin appeared before a committee of Congress and testified that gas could be furnished to the consumer in this city at the rate of \$1 per thousand.

The defendant company took offense at his testimony, and in February, 1894, published in the Progressive Age, of New York city, an article on plaintiff's conduct before the conssional committee.

gressional committee.

In this article it was alleged the plaintiff appeared on two occasions before committees of Congress on the subject of gas. Under the caption of "Lansden in 1894," the defendant company in the said article alleged that plaintiff statements on the two occasions as to the cost of producing gas differed materially. The plaintiff alleges that he appeared before Congress on only one occasion, in February, 1894, and that the article published in the paper mentioned is wholly false.

As the result of the publication of the article mentioned the plaintiff alleges that his business and social interests have been damaged to the extent of \$50,000, and sues for that amount.

asylum aboard his vessel to Salvadorean refugees at La Libertad is giving officials here much concern. Yesterday Secretary Gresham and Secretary Herbert, after talking over th maiter themselves, went to the White House to lay the facts before the President and ad-vise with him as to whether Capt. Thomas' conduct shall be approved or whether he shall be instructed to put the refugees ashore, exposed to the tender mercy of the exuitant

It is believed that it is high time that this juestion of the right of asylum shall be iefinitely settled, so far as the United States s concerned, in order that naval commanders, as well as United States diplomatic officers as well as United States diplomatic officers, may know just how far they can proceed safely. The practice heretofore has varied, In Chile United States Minister Egan took a notably strong band in affording asylum to adherents of the ill-fated Balmaceda administration, while in Elo Admiral Benham ex-

active reversed this position.

A strong prevedent for Captain Thomas' action is afforded by the conduct of Admiral Jovett about ten years ago in the case of the revolution in Columbia, when the entire American fleet was used to shelter refugees men, women and children-whose endangered when Colon was burned.

A SUBTERRANEAN OCEAN.

It Extends Under Kansas and Nebraska and Part of Indian Territory.

The best scientists of the land favor the pinion that Nebraska, Kansas, and part of Indian territory are situated over an immense underground lake or sea, says the St. Louis Republic. It is a well-known fact that in several places in Kansas whole sections of land have suddenly disappeared, leaving only fathhave suddenly disappeared, leaving only fathomless lakelets to mark the spot where they
were once situated. Proof that there is something peculiar with the foundation of the section of the country mentioned may be found
in the celebrated "tide wells" of Polk, Butler,
and Colfax counties in Nebraska.

Polk county is best provided with these
curious wells, having between a dezen and
twenty, which roar and ebb and flow with an
unseen tide. The roaring of these remarkable
curiosities (they cannot be called natural
wonders, because they are the work of man,
at least so far as exeavation is concerned) is

at least so far as excavation is concerned) is caused by the inhalation and exhalation of immense quantities of air. There are hours, regular and uniform, in which air will rush out with a loud, lissing sound, and again an equal space of time in which it seems that all the air of the Platte valley will be sucked into the cavernous depths of these wonderful

period of this ebb and flow does not seem to depend upon either the season or the state of the weather, but is thought to have some mysterious connection with the high and low tide periods of the Atlantic and Pa-cific oceans. A meteorologist of national reputation, who sought to fathom the mys-tery of the "Platte river tide wells," and who issued a little pamphlet with the title "Roar-ing Wells of Nebraska," gave it as his opin-ion that the roaring phenomenon was in some ing Wells of Nebraska," gave it as his opinion that the roaring phenomenon was in some way connected with the prevailing direction of the wind, being strongest in time of west or southwest breezes. The farmers in the three counties mentioned as being best provided with these tide-regulated, air-expelling wells believe that the water supply is connected with a body large enough to have a regular ebb and flow of tide. All the wells in the counties of Polk and Butler which are tide-regulated are of about the same depth, those of Colfax being deeper, but all extending to a porous stratum having the same general characteristics.

Later Sessions Next Week. sion later on the tariff bill next week was signed by all the Democratic Senators who are in the city. Among the absentees are Senators Hill, Murphy, Irby, McPherson and

MORE SUGAR JUGGLING. tmendment Which Will Add an Addi-

tional Tax on Bounty Favored Imports. Senator Jones is contemplating an amendment to the sugar schedule when the tariff bill shall be taken out of Committee of the Whole and considered in open Senate. His amendment will modify the provision imposing an additional one-tenth of a cent duty upon sugar imported from countries which, like Germany, pay a bounty upon sugar production. He has been in communication on this question with the Secretary of the Treasury, and in response to a request from Mr. ury, and in response to a request from Mr. Jones for a form in which the change could be made so as to equalize this additional duty. Secretary Carlisie has suggested a proviso relieving importers from this duty where they show certificates indicating that they have not accepted from their own government the difference between the tax on beets, which the grower is required to pay in Germany and the bounty which that country pays on sugar.

paye on sugar. Senator Jones says he has not Leard any Senator Jones says he has not Leard any protest from Germany against this additional duty. He says his only idea in the matter is to avoid discrimination and furnish compensation to the importers from bounty-paying governments who choose to forego the bounty. Mr. Jones stated, when asked about the matter, that he had not yet consulted with other members of the Finance Committee on the proposed amendment.

In his letter to Mr. Jones on the subject, Secretary Carlisle intimates that Mr. Jones was cognizant of the fact that international considerations had arisen relative to the

considerations had arisen relative to the sugar shedule. The part of the letter which refers to this subject is as follows.

in 1893 and Lansien in 1884," the defendant company in the said article alleged that plaintiff statements on the two occasions as to the cost of producing gas differed materially. The plaintiff alleges that he appeared before Congress on only one occasion, in February, 1894, and that the article published in the paper mentioned is wholly false. As the result of the publication of the article mentioned the plaintiff alleges that his business and social interests have been damaged to the extent of \$50,000, and sues for that amount.

A PERPLEXING QUESTION.

A Matter of International Law That Again Comes to the Front.

The action of Capt. Thomas, of the United States steamship Bennington, in affording

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS. Short Session of the House and but Little

Progress Made. Little work was accomplished by the House at yesterday's brief session. At an early hour the Indian appropriation

bill was taken up, but very little progress was made, scarcely a half dozen pages out of 138 Springer's criticism of Delegate Flynn, of Ok-

lahoma, whom the Illinois member accused of heing a carpet-bagger.

Mr. Flynn took the ground that when appointments were made from outside a state or territory they should be credited in the blue book to the state from which they were appointed. He instanced cases of appointments in Oklahoma from West Virginia and other

states, and yet they were stated to have been appointed from Oklahoma.

Mr. Springer (Dem., Iil.) inquired how long he had been a resident of Oklahoma when he (Flynn) was appointed postmaster at Guth-

"About a week," replied Mr. Flynn, to the great amusement of the House, which led Mr. Springer to assert that the severest criticism of carpet baggers came from men who were

themselves carpet baggers.
"I want to say," retorted Mr. Flynn, "that I got into Oklahoma as soon as any one else except some friends of the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. Springer) who were 'sooners."

The debate continued in a listless manner until Mr. Ray, of New York, stated that he ishucht seriously of moving to strike out the thought seriously of moving to strike out the enacting clause, as he did not believe that Indians needed looking after any more than white men. He had formerly entertained the belief that the Indian was cruel, bloodthirsty, and treacherous, but a closer acquaintance with them had corrected this erroneous impression. He thought the time had come when the Indian bureau should be abolished, and all Indians admitted to citizenship. He agreed with the gentieman from South Da-kota (Mr. Pickler), that the average Sioux was better than the average Republican or Democrat, and was only equalled by the aver-

An Excursion For To-day. day will be one of those rare days at eautiful River View that a great crowd will delight in; at every breath of country air is sweetness and purity, and at every turn deasure awaits you. River View now in its flush of June glory, was never more delight-ful and enticing. Larger crowds than any previous season has compelled Capt. Randali to aid an additional trip, making three on Sunday, at 11 a.m., 2.45 and 5.38 p. m. The speech Sannai S. Parassill. speedy Samuel S. Pentz will leave on schedule ne, the fare being 25 cents for the round trip; children, 15 cents.

This Is a War Spring. [From the New York World.]

Normisrows, Pa., June 2.- Squire Daniel Coats, of Merion township, Montgomery county, predicts that this country will soon be involved in war, because a certain dry

spring on his premises has begun to flow.

The property has been in the family for five generations. It is a tradition that the spring first bubbled up during the revolutionary war, and that the soldiers who were afterwards encamped at Valley Forge drank from it. The preceding Summer it was as dry as a nowder-horn.

The water again began to flow in 1812, and The water again began to flow in 1812, and continued until peace was declared. Then it became dry, and continued so until just before the Mexican war. It was not until 1860 that it began bubbling again, and all the neighbors said: "There's going to be war." It flowed for five years, and on the day that President Lincoln was shot it went dry.

For the last ten days a thick volume of water has been gushing from the spring, and all the old people of the neighborhood are convinced that it portends war.

"'Tis a Feat to Fit Feet!"

We Invariably Accomplish It I



ANNOT pay less than our prices and get good Shoes. We know that to be the case, and, as we have the upper hand, we intend to keep it.
These prices 'll carry out our claim.
Men's regular \$5 PATENT
LEATHERS, in narrow, medium,

and wide toes, seven different styles to choose from-only \$3.90 this

Men's Tan Shoes, H. S. & H. make, Bluchers with "Ideal" tips, regular \$4.00 Shoes, for \$2.90. Ladies' Hand-sewed Oxford

Bluchers, Blucherettes, and regular Oxford Ties, "needle," opera, and common sense toes, all \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes, go for \$2.10 this week.

F. CROCKER,

Treasurer,

939 Pennsylvania Avenue.

YOUR CHOICE OF

Any Lot for \$30 FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.

VOLUMENT DARK WASHINGTON'S . FINEST . SUBURB.

Is situated on a high plateau on the Pennsylvania R. H., and also on the Chesapeake Beach R. R. (new building), lying about 200 feet above Washington, where pure air and pure water and plenty of shade trees abound. Commutation fare, 64 cenis. Title warranted. No notes. No deeds of trust. No interest required. Deeds free. Cash or installments taken; 10 per cent. of for cash. We opened up May 26, and contracts have been given for building. Lots \$25 and up. We do business with the following banks: Second National Bank, New York city; Guarantee Safe Deposit and Trust Company; Chestnut Street National Bank and Commonwealth Trust Company of Philadelphia, and Ohio and Columbia National Bank, of Washington. Open evenings. Call for circular.

Office No. 623 F St. N. W.

CWASHINGTON SECTION STATES USURED AWAKE

And Look at These **BANKRUPT PRICES!**

Boys' \$3 Russia Calf Bals, only \$1.05. Men's #5 Russin Calf Bals, only \$2.65. Men's \$3.50 Calf Welted Bals, only \$2.15.

Ladies' \$3 Russia Caif Blucher High Shoes only \$1.85.

Ladies' \$3 Russia Calf Blucher Oxfords, only Ladies' \$2.50 Patent Tip Dongola Oxfords

\$1.00 Ladies' \$2 Russet Oxfords, only \$1.19. Misses' \$2 Russia Calf Lace Shoes, only \$1,79. THOUSANDS OF OTHER SPECIAL VALUES

BANKRUPT PRICES.

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4. The fight at Phillippi, Va., June 3, 1861; the United States troops under Col. Dumont, and the Confederates under Col. Portersfield. 5. The first charge of Frement's body guard, led by Major Zagonyi, on the Confederate garri-son at Springfield, Mo., October 25, 1861.

6. Portrait of Major Gen. Don Carlos Buell. 7. Portrait of Major Gen. Irwin McDowell. 8. Portrait of Brig. Gen. W. S. Rosecrans 9. Portrait of Brig. Gen. J. S. Negley.

10. Fort Pickens, Pensacola Bay, Fla. 11. Spiking the guns of Fort Moultrie by Major anderson before its evacuation. 12. Battle of Bull Run, Va., July 21, 1861. In The funeral cortege at Boston, Mass., of the Sixth Massachusetts soldiers killed at Baltimore. 14. Second charge of the Confederate by Gen. Premont's body guard, under Major Zagonyi, near Springfield, Mo., on October 25, 1861.

 The Sixteenth regiment, Ohio Volunteers crossing the Tray Run Viaduct, on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. Battle of Belmont, Ma., opposite Columbus, Ky., November 7, 1861. 17. Landing of the United States troops at Fort Walker after the bombardment

19. Morning mustering of the "Contrabands" CAPITAL STEAM LAUNDRY.

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